



Otter Creek Long/Short Opportunity Fund

Institutional Class – Ticker: OTTRX

Investor Class – Ticker: OTCRX

Summary Prospectus | February 28, 2019

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information, reports to shareholders and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.ottercreekfunds.com>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-855-681-5261 or by e-mail at info@ottercreekfunds.com. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated February 28, 2019, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Fund's annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Fund's website (www.ottercreekfunds.com.com/literature), and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report. If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically anytime by contacting your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or a bank) or, if you are a direct investor, by calling 1-855-681-5261, sending an e-mail request to info@otter-creek.com, or by enrolling at www.ottercreekfunds.com/resources. You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your shareholder reports. If you invest directly with the Fund, you can call 1-855-681-5261 or send an email request to info@otter-creek.com to let the Fund know you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Funds held in your account if you invest through your financial intermediary or all Funds held with the fund complex if you invest directly with the Funds.

Investment Objective

The Otter Creek Long/Short Opportunity Fund (the "Fund") seeks long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (<i>fees paid directly from your investment</i>)	Institutional Class	Investor Class
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed on shares held for 60 days or less)	1.00%	1.00%
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (<i>expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment</i>)		
Management Fees	1.50%	1.50%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%
Other Expenses (includes Interest and Dividends on Securities Sold Short)	0.89%	0.87%
Interest and Dividends on Securities Sold Short	<u>0.60%</u>	<u>0.58%</u>
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.02%</u>	<u>0.02%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	2.41%	2.64%
Less: Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	<u>-0.09%</u>	<u>-0.09%</u>
Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>2.32%</u>	<u>2.55%</u>

(1) Otter Creek Advisors, LLC (the "Advisor" or "Otter Creek") has contractually agreed to waive a portion or all of its management fees and pay Fund expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses ("AFFE"), interest, taxes, interest and dividend expense on securities sold short and extraordinary expenses) in order to limit Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses to 1.70% and 1.95% of average daily net assets of the Fund's Institutional Class shares and Investor Class shares, respectively (the "Expense Caps"). The Expense Caps will remain in effect through at least February 28, 2020, and may be terminated only by the Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The Advisor is permitted, with Board approval, to be reimbursed for fee reductions and/or expense payments made in the prior three years. This reimbursement may be requested if the aggregate amount actually paid by the Fund toward operating expenses for such period (taking into account any reimbursement) does not exceed the lesser of the Expense Cap in place at the time of waiver or at the time of reimbursement.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (taking into account the Expense Caps only in the first year). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Institutional Class	\$235	\$743	\$1,277	\$2,739
Investor Class	\$258	\$812	\$1,392	\$2,967

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 163% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund employs a long/short investment strategy in an attempt to achieve capital appreciation and manage risk. The Fund takes long positions in securities Otter Creek believes to be undervalued and short positions in securities Otter Creek believes to be overvalued. The Fund's objective is to provide long-term capital appreciation. Under normal market conditions, the net long exposure of the Fund (gross long exposures minus gross short exposures) is expected to range between -35% and +80% net long.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund primarily invests in equity securities that are traded on U.S. securities exchanges. Equity securities in which the Fund may invest include common stocks, convertibles, preferred stocks, warrants, exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"). The Fund may invest in securities of companies that are offered pursuant to an initial public offering ("IPO"). The Fund may invest up to 30% of its total assets in securities of foreign issuers. The Fund may also invest up to 20% of the Fund's net assets in Master Limited Partnerships ("MLPs"), and up to 30% of the Fund's net assets in equity Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs"). To the extent the Fund invests in MLPs, its investments will be restricted to holding interests as a limited partner in such investments.

The Fund may also invest in investment grade fixed income securities, including up to 30% of the Fund's assets in corporate and convertible bonds as well as debt issued by the U.S. Government and its agencies. Additionally, up to 30% of the Fund's net assets may be invested in high yield securities ("junk bonds"). High yield bonds are securities rated by a rating organization below its top four long-term rating categories or unrated securities determined by the Advisor to be of equivalent quality.

The Fund may hold up to 100% of its assets in cash or cash equivalents, such as U.S. Government obligations, investment grade debt securities and other money market instruments, for temporary defensive purposes due to economic or market conditions.

The Fund may utilize leverage of no more than 30% of the Fund's total assets as part of the portfolio management process. From time to time, the Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in the securities of companies in the same sector of the market. The Fund may also invest up to 10% of its net assets in derivatives including futures, options, swaps and forward foreign currency contracts. These instruments may be used to modify or hedge the Fund's exposure to a particular investment market related risk, as well as to manage the volatility of the Fund.

The dollar amount of short sales at any one time (not including short sales against the box) may not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Fund, and it is expected that normally the dollar amount of such sales will not exceed 75% of the net assets of the Fund.

Principal Investment Risks

Losing all or a portion of your money on your investment is a risk of investing in the Fund. The following additional risks could affect the value of your investment:

- **Market and Regulatory Risk.** Events in the financial markets and economy may cause volatility and uncertainty and adversely impact the Fund's performance. Market events may affect a single issuer, industry, sector, or the market as a whole. Traditionally liquid investments may experience periods of diminished liquidity. Governmental and regulatory actions, including tax law changes, may also impair portfolio management and have unexpected or adverse consequences on particular markets, strategies, or investments.
- **Management Risk.** The Fund is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed portfolio. The Advisor's management practices and investment strategies might not produce the desired results. The Advisor may be incorrect in its assessment of a stock's appreciation or depreciation potential.
- **Leverage Risk.** Leverage is investment exposure which exceeds the initial amount invested. The use of leverage can cause the portfolio to lose more than the principal amount invested. Leverage can magnify the portfolio's gains and losses and therefore increase its volatility.

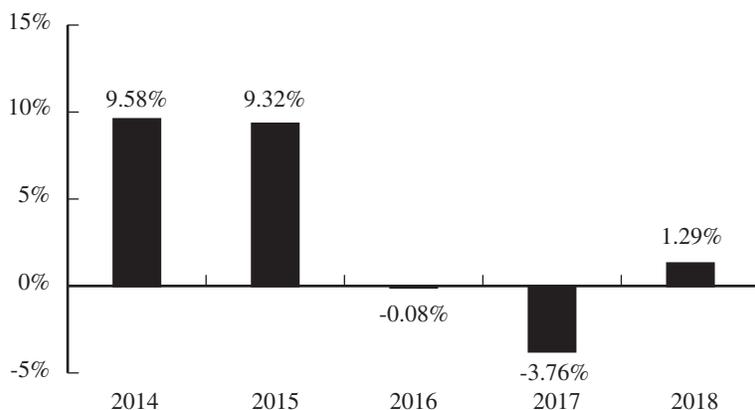
- *High Yield Securities Risk.* Fixed income securities that are rated below investment grade (i.e., “junk bonds”) are subject to additional risk factors due to the speculative nature of these securities, such as increased possibility of default liquidation of the security, and changes in value based on public perception of the issuer. Below investment grade securities (high yield/junk bonds) have speculative characteristics, and changes in economic conditions or other circumstances are more likely to impair the ability of issuers of those securities to make principal and interest payments than is the case with issuers of investment grade securities.
- *Equity Securities Risk.* The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of economic or political changes or changes in a company’s financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund’s portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions.
- *Fixed Income Securities Risk.* Fixed income (debt) securities are generally subject to the following risks:
 - *Interest Rate Risk.* The value of the Fund’s investments in fixed-income securities will change based on changes in interest rates. If interest rates increase, the value of these investments generally declines. Securities with greater interest rate sensitivity and longer maturities generally are subject to greater fluctuations in value. Given that the Federal Reserve has begun to raise interest rates, the Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk.
 - *Extension Risk.* If interest rates rise, repayments of principal on certain fixed income securities may occur at a slower-than-expected rate and, as a result, the expected maturity of such securities could lengthen which could cause their value to decline.
 - *Credit Risk.* The Fund’s investments are subject to the risk that issuers and/or counterparties will fail to make payments when due or default completely. Prices of the Fund’s investments may be adversely affected if any of the issuers or counterparties it is invested in are subject to an actual or perceived deterioration in their credit quality. Credit spreads may increase, which may reduce the market values of the Fund’s securities. Credit spread risk is the risk that economic and market conditions or any actual or perceived credit deterioration may lead to an increase in the credit spreads (i.e., the difference in yield between two securities of similar maturity but different credit quality) and a decline in price of the issuer’s securities.
 - *Prepayment Risk.* Issuers of securities held by the Fund may be able to prepay principal due on these securities, particularly during periods of declining interest rates, and the Fund may have to invest the proceeds in lower-yielding securities.
- *Short Sales Risk.* A short sale will be successful if the price of the shorted security decreases. However, if the underlying security goes up in price during the period in which the short position is outstanding, the Fund will realize a loss. The risk on a short sale is unlimited because the Fund must buy the shorted security at the higher price to complete the transaction. Therefore, short sales may be subject to greater risks than investments in long positions. Entering into short sales can involve the loss of more money than the actual cost of the investment, and the risk of loss if the third party to the short sale does not honor its contract terms.
- *Foreign Securities.* The Fund may invest in foreign securities. These foreign investments are subject to special risks. Foreign securities can be more volatile than domestic (U.S.) securities. Securities markets of other countries are generally smaller than U.S. securities markets. Many foreign securities may be less liquid and more volatile than U.S. securities, which could affect the Fund’s investments. Investments in foreign securities may also involve exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.
- *Depositary Receipt Risk.* Foreign receipts, which include American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”), Global Depositary Receipts, and European Depositary Receipts, are securities that evidence ownership interests in a security or a pool of securities issued by a foreign issuer. The risks of depositary receipts include many risks associated with investing directly in foreign securities, such as individual country risk and liquidity risk. Unsponsored ADRs, which are issued by a depositary bank without the participation or consent of the issuer, involve additional risks because U.S. reporting requirements do not apply, and the issuing bank will recover shareholder distribution costs from movement of share prices and payment of dividends.
- *Derivatives Risk.* The Fund’s use of derivatives (which may include options and swaps) may reduce the Fund’s returns and/or increase volatility. A risk of the Fund’s use of derivatives is that the fluctuations in their values may not correlate perfectly with the overall securities markets. As a result of the structure of certain derivatives, adverse changes in the value of the underlying instrument can result in a counterparty’s losses being substantially greater than the amount invested in the derivative itself.
- *Options Risk.* Options on securities may be subject to greater fluctuations in value than an investment in the underlying securities. Purchasing and writing put and call options are highly specialized activities and entail greater than ordinary investment risks. There are significant differences between the securities and options markets that could result in an imperfect correlation between these markets, causing a given transactions not to achieve its objectives.
- *Initial Public Offering Risk.* The Fund may purchase securities of companies that are offered pursuant to an IPO. The risk exists that the market value of IPO shares will fluctuate considerably due to factors such as the absence of a prior public market, unseasoned trading, the small number of shares available for trading and limited information about the issuer. The purchase of IPO shares may involve high transaction costs. IPO shares are subject to market risk and liquidity risk. When the Fund’s asset base is small, a significant portion of the Fund’s performance could be attributable to investments in IPOs, because such investments would have a magnified impact on the Fund.

- *Master Limited Partnership Risk.* Investing in MLPs entails risk related to potential changes in the U.S. tax law which could revoke the pass-through tax attributes that provide the tax efficiencies that make MLPs attractive investment structures. Additional risks include fluctuations in energy prices, decreases in supply of or demand for energy commodities, decreases in demand for MLPs in rising interest rate environments, and various other risks.
- *RIC Qualification Risk.* To qualify for treatment as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), the Fund must meet certain income source, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements. The Fund’s MLP investments may make it more difficult for the Fund to meet these requirements. The asset diversification requirements include a requirement that, at the end of each quarter of each taxable year, not more than 25% of the value of the Fund’s total assets is invested in the securities (including debt securities) of one or more qualified publicly traded partnerships. The Fund anticipates that the MLPs in which it invests will be qualified publicly traded partnerships. If the Fund’s MLP investments exceed this 25% limitation, which could occur if the Fund’s investment in an MLP affiliate were re-characterized as an investment in an MLP, then the Fund would not satisfy the diversification requirements and could fail to qualify as a RIC. If, in any year, the Fund fails to qualify as a RIC for any reason, the Fund would be taxed as an ordinary corporation and would become (or remain) subject to corporate income tax. The resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce the Fund’s net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of the Fund’s distributions.
- *REIT and Real Estate Risk.* The value of the Fund’s investments in REITs may change in response to changes in the real estate market such as declines in the value of real estate, lack of available capital or financing opportunities, and increases in property taxes or operating costs. Shareholders of the Fund will indirectly be subject to the fees and expenses of the individual REITs in which the Fund invests. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance.
- *Exchange-Traded Fund Risk.* An exchange-traded fund (“ETF”), in which the Fund invests may not achieve its investment objective or execute its investment strategies effectively or a large purchase or redemption activity by shareholders of such an investment company might negatively affect the value of the investment company’s shares. The Fund must also pay its pro rata portion of an ETF’s fees and expenses. If an ETF held by the Fund trades at a discount to net asset value, the Fund could lose money even if the securities in which the ETF invests go up in value.
- *Portfolio Turnover Risk.* A high portfolio turnover rate (100% or more) has the potential to result in the realization and distribution to shareholders of higher capital gains, which may subject you to a higher tax liability. High portfolio turnover involves correspondingly greater expenses to the Fund, including brokerage commissions and dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs. The trading costs and tax effects associated with portfolio turnover may adversely affect the Fund’s performance.

Performance

The following performance information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows the Fund’s performance for the Investor Class and is an illustration of how shares of the Fund’s total returns have varied from year to year. The table below illustrates how the Fund’s average annual total returns for the 1-year, 5-year and since inception periods compare with that of a broad-based securities index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how it will perform in the future. Prior to February 27, 2015, the Fund was managed by an affiliate of the Advisor, Otter Creek Management, Inc. Updated performance information is available on the Fund’s website at www.ottercreekfunds.com or by calling the Fund toll-free at 1-855-681-5261.

Calendar Year Total Return as of December 31 – Investor Class



Highest Quarterly Return:	Q2, 2014	5.70%
Lowest Quarterly Return:	Q1, 2017	-4.85%

Average Annual Total Return as of December 31, 2018

	1 Year	5 Year	Since Inception
Investor Class			
Return Before Taxes	1.29%	3.13%	3.13%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	1.15%	3.10%	3.10%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.87%	2.42%	2.42%
Institutional Class			
Return Before Taxes	1.54%	3.36%	3.36%
S&P 500® Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-4.38%	8.49%	8.58%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and does not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your situation and may differ from those shown. Furthermore, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to those who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or Individual Retirement Accounts (“IRAs”).

In certain cases, Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. This will occur when a capital loss is realized upon the sale of Fund shares or provides an assumed tax benefit that increases the return. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from these shown.

Management

Investment Advisor

Otter Creek Advisors, LLC

The Fund is team-managed by the following Portfolio Managers:

Portfolio Managers

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Managed the Fund Since</u>
Michael J. Winter, CFA	Principal	Inception (2013)
Tyler C. Walling	Principal	Inception (2013)

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail (Otter Creek Long/Short Opportunity Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701), by telephone at 1-855-681-5261, or through a financial intermediary. You may also purchase or redeem Fund shares by wire transfer. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below.

Type of Account	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
<u>Institutional Class</u>		
– All Accounts	\$100,000	None
<u>Investor Class</u>		
– Standard Accounts	\$2,500	None

Tax Information

The Fund’s distributions are taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you invest through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account (“IRA”). Distributions on investments made through tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial adviser), the Fund and/or the Advisor may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

